December 1996

LM431 Adjustable Precision Zener Shunt Regulator

General Description

The LM431 is a 3-terminal adjustable shunt regulator with guaranteed temperature stability over the entire temperature range of operation. The output voltage may be set at any level greater than 2.5V (VREF) up to 36V merely by selecting two external resistors that act as a voltage divided network. Due to the sharp turn-on characteristics this device is an excellent replacement for many zener diode applications.

Features

■ Average temperature coefficient 50 ppm/C

CATHODE

- Temperature compensated for operation over the full temperature range
- Programmable output voltage
- Fast turn-on response

REFERENCE

- ANODE

ANODE

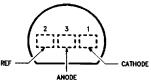
TL/H/10055~2

-NC

■ Low output noise

Connection Diagrams

TO-92: Plastic Package



TL/H/10055-1 Top View

CATHODE

ANODE -

ANODE

Order Number LM431ACM, LM431AIM, LM431BCM, LM431BIM, LM431CCM or LM431CIM

SO-8: 8-Pin Surface Mount

SOT-23: 3-Lead Small Outline

ANODE

TL/H/10055--21

Order Number LM431ACM3, LM431AIM3, LM431BCM3, LM431BIM3, LM431CCM3 or LM431CIM3

Order Number LM431ACZ, LM431AIZ, LM431BCZ, LM431BIZ, LM431CCZ or LM431CIZ

Top View

Ordering Information*

Package	Typical Accuracy			Temperature Range	
	0.5%	1%	2%	remperature nan	
TO-92	LM431CCZ	LM431BCZ	LM431ACZ	0°C to +70°C	
	LM431CIZ	LM431BIZ	LM431AIZ	−40°C to +85°C	
SO-8	LM431CCM	LM431BCM	LM431ACM	0°C to +70°C	
	LM431CIM	LM431BIM	LM431AIM	−40°C to +85°C	
SOT-23	LM431CCM3	LM431BCM3	LM431ACM3	0°C to +70°C	
	LM431CIM3	LM431BIM3	LM431AIM3	−40°C to +85°C	

*See Table 1 for package marking for SOT-23.

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Absolute Maximum Ratings

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

Storage Temperature Range -65°C to +150°C

Operating Temperature Range

Industrial (LM431xI) -40°C to +85°C Commercial (LM431xC) 0°C to +70°C

Lead Temperature TO-92 Package/SO-8 Package/SOT-23 Package

(Soldering, 10 sec.)

Internal Power Dissipation (Notes 1, 2)

TO-92 Package

0.78W SO-8 Package 0.81W SOT-23 Package 0.28W Cathode Voltage

Continuous Cathode Current

37V -10 mA to +150 mA

Reference Voltage

Reference Input Current

--0.5V 10 mA

Operating Conditions Cathode Voltage

Max

 V_{RFF} Cathode Current 1.0 mA

Min

37V 100 mA

Note 1: T_{J Max} = 150°C.

Note 2: Ratings appy to ambient temperature at 25°C. Above this temperature, derate the TO-92 at 5.2 mW/*C, the SO-8 at 6.5 mW/*C, and the SOT-23 at 2.2 mW/*C.

LM431

Electrical Characteristics T_A = 25°C unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V _{REF}	Reference Voltage	V _Z = V _{REF} , I _I = 10 mA LM431A <i>(Figure 1)</i>		2.440	2.495	2.550	٧
		V _Z = V _{REF} , I _I = 10 mA LM431B (<i>Figure 1</i>) V _Z = V _{REF} , I _I = 10 mA LM431C (<i>Figure 1</i>)		2.470	2.495	2.520	v
				2.485	2.500	2.510	٧
V _{DEV}	Deviation of Reference Input Voltage Over Temperature (Note 3)	$V_Z = V_{REF}$, $I_1 = 10$ mA, $T_A = Full Range (Figure 1)$			8.0	17	mV
$\frac{\Delta V_{REF}}{\Delta V_{Z}}$	Ratio of the Change in Reference Voltage to the Change in Cathode Voltage	$I_Z = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_Z \text{ from } V_{REF} \text{ to}$ $V_Z \text{ from } 10 \text{ V to}$	V _Z from V _{REF} to 10V		-1.4	-2.7	mV/V
			V _Z from 10V to 36V		-1.0	-2.0	
IREF	Reference Input Current	$R_1 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, R_2 = \infty,$ $I_1 = 10 \text{ mA (Figure 2)}$			2.0	4.0	μΑ
∝ I _{REF}	Deviation of Reference Input Current over Temperature	$R_1 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, R_2 = \infty,$ $I_1 = 10 \text{ mA},$ $T_A = \text{Full Range}(Figure 2)$			0.4	1.2	μΑ
¹ Z(MIN)	Minimum Cathode Current for Regulation	V _Z = V _{REF} (Figure 1)			0.4	1.0	mA
[[] Z(OFF)	Off-State Current	V _Z = 36V, V _{REF} = 0V (Figure 3)			0.3	1.0	μА
r _Z	Dynamic Output Impedance (Note 4)	V _Z = V _{REF} , LM431A, Frequency = 0 Hz (Figure 1)				0.75	Ω
			.M431B, LM431C 0 Hz <i>(Figure 1)</i>			0.50	Ω

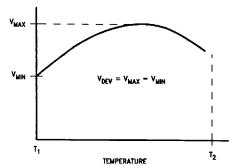
265°C

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LM431

Electrical Characteristics $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified (Continued)

Note 3: Deviation of reference input voltage, VDEV, is defined as the maximum variation of the reference input voltage over the full temperature range.



TL/H/10055-7

The average temperature coefficient of the reference input voltage, $\propto V_{REF}$, is defined as:

$$\propto V_{REF} \frac{ppm}{^{\circ}C} = \frac{\pm \left[\frac{V_{Max} - V_{Min}}{V_{REF} (at\,25^{\circ}C)} \right] 10^{6}}{T_{2} - T_{1}} = \frac{\pm \left[\frac{V_{DEV}}{V_{REF} (at\,25^{\circ}C)} \right] 10^{8}}{T_{2} - T_{1}}$$

Where-

 $T_2 - T_1 = \text{full temperature change.}$

«V_{REF} can be positive or negative depending on whether the slope is positive or negative.

Example: $V_{DEV} = 8.0$ mV, $V_{REF} = 2495$ mV, $T_2 - T_1 = 70$ °C, slope is positive.

$$_{\text{ccV}_{\text{REF}}} = \frac{\left[\frac{8.0 \text{ mV}}{2495 \text{ mV}}\right]_{10^{8}}}{70^{\circ}\text{C}} = +46 \text{ ppm/°C}$$

Note 4: The dynamic output impedance, rz, is defined as:

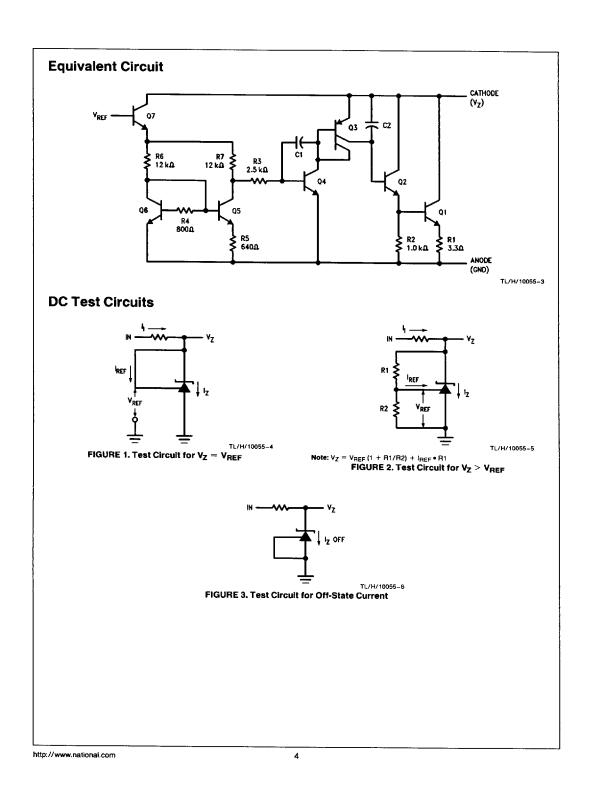
$$r_Z = \frac{\Delta V_Z}{\Delta t_Z}$$

When the device is programmed with two external resistors, R1 and R2, (see Figure 2), the dynamic output impedance of the overall circuit, r2, is defined as:

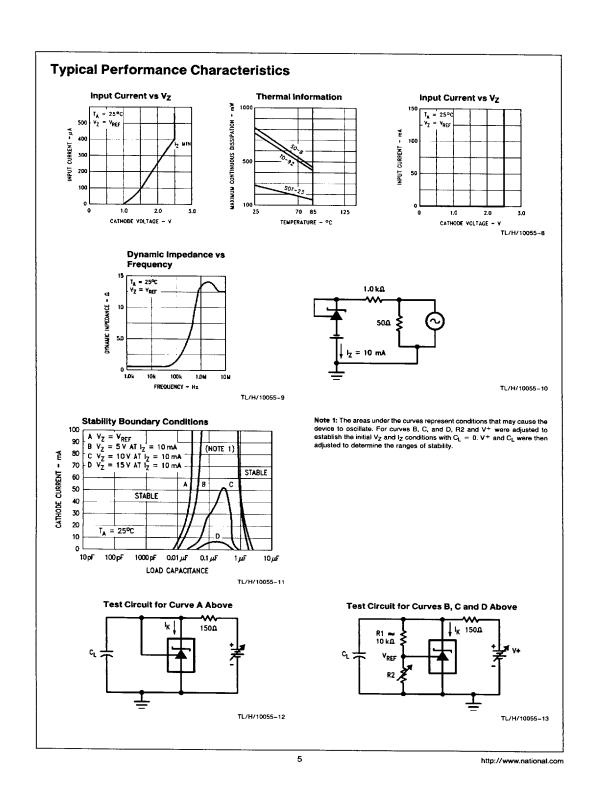
$$r_Z = \frac{\Delta V_Z}{\Delta I_Z} \cong \left[r_Z \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2} \right) \right]$$

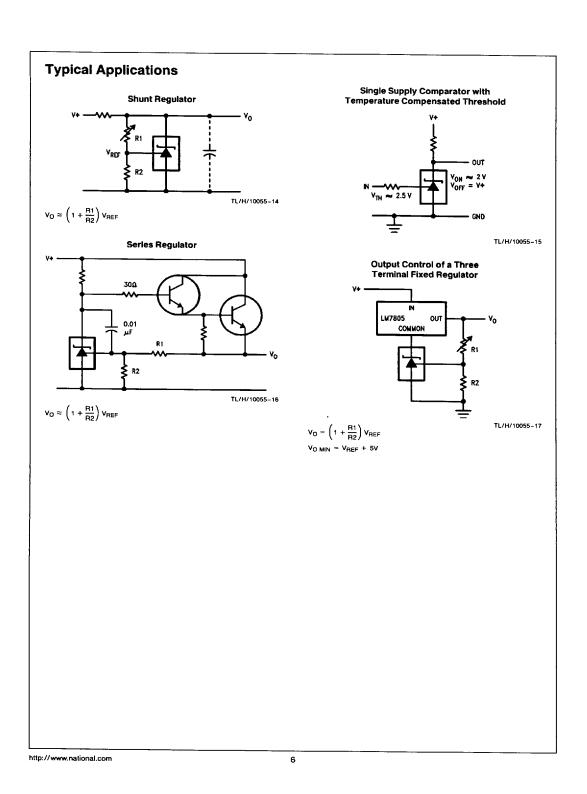
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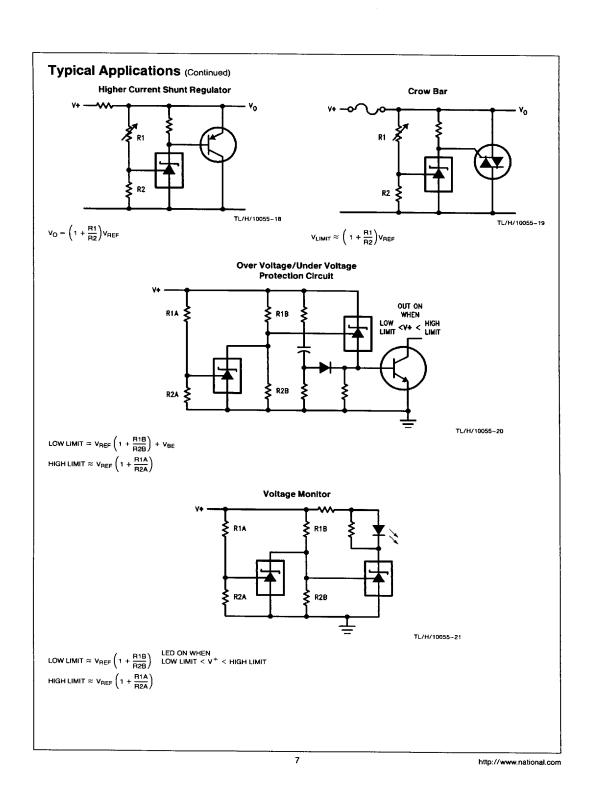


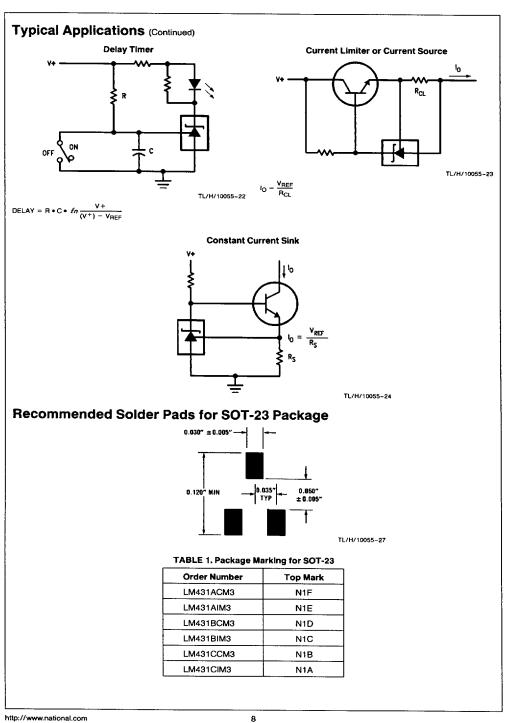
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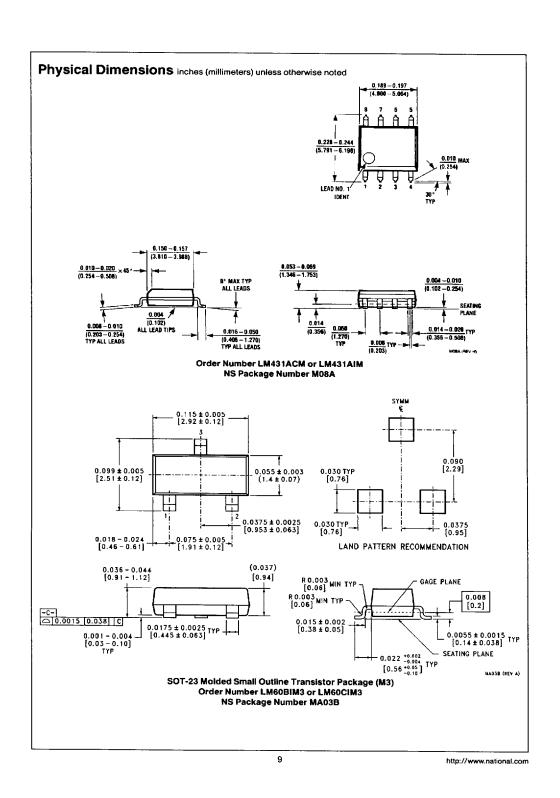


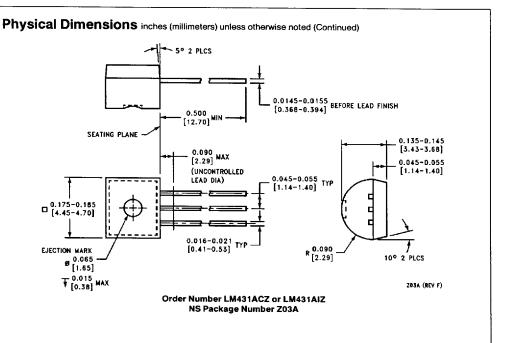


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